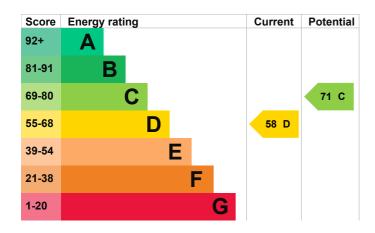


Energy rating and score

This property's energy rating is D. It has the potential to be C.

See how to improve this property's energy efficiency.



The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in Northern Ireland:

the average energy rating is D the average energy score is 60

Breakdown of property's energy performance

Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Cavity wall, filled cavity	Average
Wall	Cavity wall, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good
Roof	Pitched, 100 mm loft insulation	Average
Roof	Pitched, insulated (assumed)	Average
Window	Fully double glazed	Good
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, oil	Average
Main heating control	Programmer, no room thermostat	Very poor
Hot water	From main system	Poor
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 29% of fixed outlets	Average
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed)	N/A
Secondary heating	None	N/A

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 252 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend £721 per year on heating, hot water and lighting in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could save £229 per year if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2020** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting.

Impact on the environment

This property's environmental impact rating is E. It has the potential to be D.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce each year.

This property produces 4.1 tonnes of CO2 This property's potential production 2.8 tonnes of CO2

You could improve this property's CO2 emissions by making the suggested changes. This will help to protect the environment.

These ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy.

Carbon emissions

An average household produces

6 tonnes of CO2

Steps you could take to save energy

Step	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
1. Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£100 - £350	£23
2. Increase hot water cylinder insulation	£15 - £30	£17
3. Low energy lighting	£25	£32
4. Heating controls (room thermostat and TRVs)	£350 - £450	£93
5. Condensing boiler	£2,200 - £3,000	£65
6. Floor insulation (solid floor)	£4,000 - £6,000	£24
7. Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£43
8. Solar photovoltaic panels	£3,500 - £5,500	£308

Who to contact about this certificate

Contacting the assessor

Type of assessment

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name	William Hanna
Telephone	07545 853 714
Email	timbohanna1953@gmail.com

Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation scheme	Stroma Certification Ltd	
Assessor's ID	STRO002933	
Telephone	0330 124 9660	
Email	certification@stroma.com	
About this assessment		
Assessor's declaration	No related party	
Date of assessment	10 January 2020	
Date of certificate	10 January 2020	

RdSAP