GENERAL NOTES

All dimensions and levels to be checked on site. and any discrepencies between site dimensions and those indicated on the drawings to be brought to the Architects attention.

cart away all rubbish and surplus materials as they accumulate from time to time and on completion.

all work to be carried out with least possible disturbance to the employer

make good generally, leave everything clean and tidy upon completion, properly weather-tight and to employer's complete satisfaction.

all materials and workmanship to be the best of their respective kinds, in accordance with all relevant British Standards codes of practice.

all work to be in accordance with drawings and spec, and current building regulations.

Contractor is advised to visit and inspect the site prior to tendering as no claim will be allowed on the grounds of ignorance of the conditions under which the works are to be executed.

Contractor shall complete all notices requirEd under Building Regulations for inspection of works as contract proceeds.

PLASTER

Plaster undercoat browning plaster BS1191 part 2 thickness 13mm. Finish. coat plaster to BS1191 part 2. thickness 2mm smooth finish coat

Ceiling to ground floor to be 15mm premium plaster board bond and 3mm skim finish.

Ceiling to first floor ceiling to be 9.5mmplaster board bond and 3mm skim finish

WALLS

Gable walls to be tied at ceiling and roof level with 30x5 galv. m.s straps at max 1800mm C/C. built into wall and extending over 3 members, to detail, denoted thus .

Cavities to be closed around all openings, at party floors, at eaves roof level etc with proprietary cavity closers

all stud walls to be 100x38mm sw stud @ 400mm c/c with 12.5mm plaster board to either side mass per unit area min 10kg/m2 with 25mm min absorbent layer. frame to have a min

distance of 75mm between linings. absorbent layer of unfaced mineral wool batts or quilt (min 25mm thk) minimum density 10kg/m3

Cavity walls

100mm cavity in external walls insulated with 95mm kingspan k8 cavity insulation to provide a 0.18 u-value. wall ties to be superior Thor Helical wall ties or equal steel wire wall ties at 450mm crs. Vertically, 750mm crs. Horizontally and every blockwork course at reveals.

wall ties to be spaced no greater than 300mm vertically within 225mm of the vertical edge of any opening.

LEAD / TRAYS AND DPC'S

Lead to valleys to be laid upon waterproof building paper to BS 1521 Class A.

All lead work to be carried out in accordance with the Lead Association handbook. Max length of lead to be 1500mm.

Cavity trays lead code 4 fully coated on both sides with high-build. Bitumen based paint. Lap joints not less than 50mm on bed of wet mortar.

Damp proof courses to be provided at windows and door lintels, under cills . and at all jambs.

Provide polythene backing to warm side of insulation as vapour barrier to BS 5250: 1975 clauses 22.8 to 22.16.

INTERNAL DOOR OPENINGS all ground floor doors with a

structural opening of 900mm provide a minimum clear opening between 755 and 775mm as per TBR table 10.1

WINDOWS AND DOORS

saddle connection to

All glazing to windows and doors to be argon filled double glazing units to provide a U-VALUE of 124W/m K glazing to have a low-E 0.1 soft coat

external doors to be composite doors to provide the required u-value to to meet the current building regultions Building Regulations part F 1.8 u-value unless otherwise noted on drawing disabled entrance to have a clear min entrance door width of 775mm. All windows to be dark grey inside and outside

LIGHTING

fixed external lighting to have a max output of 100w per fitting and automatically switch off when there is adequate daylight and where not required at night or have sockets that can only be fitted with lamps having an efficiency greater than 40 lumens per circuit-watt.

all internal light fittings to be energy efficient lighting- min compliance with building services compliance guide 2011, table 40. (40 luminous efficacy greater than 45lamp lumens per circuit.

PAINT

all wall areas to be plastered and painted with min 2 coats vinyl matt emulsion paint to provide class '1' surface spread of flame

all ceiling areas to be plaster board, bond and skim finished with min 2 coats vinyl matt emulsion paint to provide class '1' surface spread of flame

CARB M'XIDE DETECTION

carbon monoxide alarm to comply with BS EB50291 Alarms to incorporate a warning device to alert users when the working life is due to pass or mainspowered BS EN 50291 Type A, carbon monoxide alarm wall fixed wiring fitted with a sensor failure warning device.

LEVEL ENTRANCE

dpc to be min 150mm above external levels and where entrance ramp runs along wall dpc to be 150mm above rake of ramp and fully bonded to dpm in floor to prevent any water crossing into dwelling min 150mm overlap. allow for ACO drain across front entrance threshold, connected into storm drainage.

GENERAL

Heating and hot water system to be in full compliance with DLCG publications 'Domestic Building Services Compliance auide

Air permeability to be no less than 5 at 50 pascals

all rain water goods to be p.p.c metal, rwp's to be 100mmsq colour-dark grey

any service greater than 50mm dia passing through first floor to be fitted 1hr fire collar, recessed light fittings to be fitted with 1/2hr fire hoods or fitting to be 1/2hr fire rated.

KEYSTONE LINTELS

All keystone design info for window heads, corner lintels and posts etc handrail 900mm vert to be provided to building control above rake of treads prior to installation on site.

ADDITIONAL B.C NOTES

All boiler detail and specifications to be provided to building control prior to installation of appliance.

All separating walls to be taken up tight to underside of roof and fire stopped with mineral fibre to prevent

any gaps.

All separating elements to be sound tested including walls and floors between apartments.

Each apartment to have zone control for both living and sleeping accommodation as per Domestic Compliance Guide

L2 fire alarm system to BS5839 to

ADDITIONAL B.C NOTES

Protected stair is an unheated space

export connection to be provided by NIE

completed accredited details to be provided to building control at completion.



planter

LINTELS TO HAVE 2No. Y10 BARS AT TOP WITH 6mm STIRRUPS AT 150mm CRS

REDUCING RISK OF SCALDING

domestic hot water supply to comply with TBC P section 3.1-3.6 to reduce the risk of scalding water supply to a bath to be limited to 48 C hot water supply to the domestic hot water distribution system should not exceed 60 C

HEATING AND PLUMBING

M&E TO BE DESIGN & BUILD ITEM Provide room thermostats or radiator valves thermostatically controlled. Hot water heating system to external weather compensation type heating control.

ALLOW FOR PRESURISED HEATING SYSTEM DESIGN, INSTALATION AND COMMISSIONING OF A NEW HEATING APPLIANCE MUST COMPLY WITH

PARAGRAPHS 3.29-3.40 OF TB F AND MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATION TO BE PROVIDED TO BUILDING CONTROL FOR ASSESSMENT.

INSTALLATION OF HOT WATER STORAGE AND HEATING STSYTEMS INCLUDING INSULATION TO PIPES, DUCTS AND HOT WATER STORAGE VESSEL TO COMPLY FULLY WITH DCLG PUBLICATION

"DOMESTIC SERVICES BUILDING COMPLIANCE GUIDE" wall thermostat to be provided in living and sleeping zones in compliance with " domestic services building compliance guide".

Heating and hot water systems to be commissioned in accordance with the procedures given in 'Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide'.

VENTILATION

2.23 Background ventilators should be located to avoid draughts, typically 1.7 m above floor level (except in the single-sided case described in paragraph 2.21).

2.24 Background ventilators should be located in all rooms with external walls, with at least 5000 mm2 equivalent area in each habitable room and 2500 mm2 equivalent area in each wet room. If a habitable room has no external walls the guidance in paragraphs 2.110 to 2.112 should be followed. If a wet room has no external walls the guidance for intermittent extract given for rapid ventilation and controls in paragraphs 2.27 to 2.33 should

followed. 2.25 If the dwelling has more than one exposed façade, to maximise the air flow through the dwelling by encouraging cross ventilation, it is best to locate similar equivalent areas of background ventilators on opposite (or where this is not possible, adjacent) sides of the dwelling.

Controls

2.30 Intermittent extract may be operated manually and/or automatically by a sensor (e.g. humidity, occupancy/usage pollutant release). Humidity controls should not be used for sanitary accommodation as odour is the main pollutant.

2.31 In kitchens, any automatic control must provide sufficient flow during cooking with fossil fuel (e.g. gas) to avoid the build-up of combustion by-products

2.32 Any automatic control should have an override facility to allow the occupant to turn the extract on manually. 2.33 In a room with no openable window (i.e. an internal room) an intermittent extract fan should have an overrun of at least 15 minutes except where it is controlled by a humidistat. In rooms with no natural light, the fans could be

controlled by the operation of the main room liaht switch 2.34 Background ventilators may be either manually adjustable or automatically

controlled. 2.35 Where manual controls are provided, they should be within reasonable reach of the occupants. Where it is considered reasonable, pull cords, operating rods or similar devices should be provided.

BACKGROUND VENTILATION TRICKLE VENTS

trickle ventilation requirements per window

Apt 1 floor area 61sqm total ventilation required - 45000sqmm 40000/ 6No windows = 6666.6sqm

Apt 2 floor area 50.3sqm total ventilation required - 35000sqmm

35000/ 5No windows = 7000sqm All doors to have a 10mm gap between

bottom of door and top of finished floor level All rooms to have a minimum area of

ventilation opening equal to 20th of the area of the room.

ext fan to kitchen to provide 60lt/s or if fitted with a cooker hood then 30lt/s, cooker hood to be min 450mm above worktop.

bathroom ext fan to provide 20lt/s ventilation with min 15min over run.

M&E TO BE DESIGN & BUILD ITEM

heating and hot water system to be both time and temperature controlled Hot water heating system to external weather compensation type heating .

Installation of hot water storage and heating systems including insulation to pipes, ducts and hot water storage vessel to comply with DCLG publication ' domestic Building services compliance Guide'

80MM THICK Insulation jacket to limit loss in use of 90W/M sq to be fitted with thermostat and if over 150 lt capacity and time switch also (DHW Cylinder).

All hot water pipes in floor and roof space to be insulated. Thickness of lagging material to be equal to diameter of pipe and material shall have a thermal conductivity of not more than 0.045W/MK.

Insulation to be provided to pipes within 1m of hot water storage cylinder.

operating & maintenance instructions to comply with clauses 2.58 & 2.59 of TB F1 2.58 The building owner shall be given sufficient information, including operational and maintenance instructions, to enable the dwelling and its fixed building services to be operated and maintained in an energy efficient manner. The instructions shall be readily understandable by the occupier.

2.59 Without compromising health and safety requirements, the instructions shall explain to the occupier of the dwelling how to operate the systems efficiently they shall include-

(a) how to make adjustments to the timing and temperature control settings: and (b) what routine maintenance is necessary to enable the system to be maintained at a reasonable efficiency throughout their service

design, installation and commissioning of a new heating appliance must comply with paragraphs 3.29-3.40 of TB F and manufacturers specification to be provided building control for assessment.

dwelling to be air pressure tested in accordance with the 'Air Tightness and Measurement association Publication'- " measuring air permeability of a building envelopes and results confirmed in writing to building control.

An energy performance certificate is to be provided for the dwelling upon completion.



light switch and socket positions



ADDITIONAL BUILDING CONTROL NOTES

All internal doors to apartments to be 30FR.

regulation 39, the common areas are to be unheated. the walls between stair well and apartments to comply with para 3.61 and walls to be insulated with 80mm knauf roll 32 between both stud frame to cavity wall, where wall is 100mm block/ 25mm cavity/ st inner leaf- 60mm kingspan k8 to be fitted between stud to provide u-value of 0.28.

High efficiency alternative systems. Analysis has been undertaken taking into account the technical,

economic and environmental feasibility of incorporating high efficiency alternative systems in the construction of the building. analysis is documented and is available to the district council for verification purposes.

Notice of emission rate

46. Where a calculation is carried out for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with

regulation 40(2), a notice in writing that states the target carbon dioxide emission rate for the building; b) the calculated carbon dioxide emission rate for the building

ructed: and the list of specifications to which the building is constructed where these differ significantly from the design specifications use for the calculation of the designstage carbon dioxide emission rat shall be given to the district council not more than 5 days after completion of the building work, by the person carrying out the w

SOUND regulation 49.

7.9 For entrance halls, corridors or hallways, cover an area equa or greater than the floor area, with a Class C absorber or better. normally beconvenient to cover the ceiling area with the additional absorption

7.10 For stairwells or a stair enclosure, calculate the combined a of the stair treads, the upper surface of the intermediate landings upper surface of the landings (excluding ground floor) and the ce area on the top floor.

Either cover at least an area equal to this calculated area with a Class D absorber, or cover an area of at least 50% of this calcula area with a Class C absorber or better. The absorptive material should be equally distributed between all floor levels. It will norma be convenient to cover the underside of intermediate landings, th underside of the other landings, and the ceiling area on the top fle 7.11 Method A can generally be satisfied by the use of proprietar acoustic ceilings. However, the absorptive material can be applie any surface that faces into the space.

Gypsum acoustic plaster board Gyptone Quattro 41 or equal to provide min class 'C' absorption to all ceilings within stairwell.

Sound test to be carried out for walls and floors etc between apartment walls , floors and other areas of the building i.e betwee shop unit, sound test and notice of results to be carried out in accordance with the procedures as set out in technical booklet G (see appendix B of TBG)

handrails to be provided to both sides of stair within stair well.anc handrails will be in accordance with parag.3.28 of technical book

Access to retail unit

3.4 An accessible entrance should a) be readily apparent (e.g. distinguishable, through suitable visual contrast from that of the adjacent elements of the building)

(b) have an access area that is level. However, where the access area contains a crossfall, it should be not steeper than 1 in 40;

(ii) with a surface that is firm; (iii) with an unobstructed size of not less than 1500 mm

by 1500 mm in front of the accessible entrance; and (iv) that is at, or about, the level of the floor of the entrance.

Location of controls opening of windows etc

4.1 A control for a window, skylight or ventilator should be within safe reach of a person standing on a floor (or other permanent stable surface). When

considering safe reach, a small recess such as a window reveal may be ignored. 4.2 Where reach is unobstructed the control should be not more

than 1.9 mabove floor level (see Diagram 4.1(a)). 4.3 Where reach would be obstructed the control should be lower, for example, if the obstruction is a kitchen unit 900 mm

high and 600 mm deep, the control should be not more than 1.7 m above floor level (see Diagram 4.1(b)). 4.4 Where the control cannot be position a persor

standing on the floor (or other permanent stable surface), a safe means of remote operation, such as a mechanical or electrical system should be cons 4.5 Where there is a danger of a person falling through the

opening whilst opening, closing or adjusting a window, skylight or ventilator, a suitable opening limiter should be considered or the opening guarded to comply with Part H.

4.6 Within a guest bedroom in a building other than a dwelling, a control used for opening and closing a window as required by Part R, will need to meet requirements in that part which are additional to the provisions described above. In such

circumstances a control used for opening and closing a window should be provided complying with Technical Booklet R: Section 5

A-07/23- ADD. B.C NOTES

JWA Architectural Design	
Project REPLACEMENT BUILDING 314 SHANKILL ROAD BELFAST	
Drawing PROPOSED GROUND/ FIRST FLOOR PLAN	
Drg.No: 002/23/101A	
Scale: 1:50 @ A1	Date: 01/2023
1 Bramble Grove, Newtownabbey BT37 0GE P/F. 028 90 853266 M. 07734318868 E. info@jwadesign.co.uk	
THIS DRAWING TO BE READ IN CONJUCTION	

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